

# CS 1: Introduction to Computer Programming

## Recitation 3: Nested for loops, while loops, type annotations

In today's syntax recitation, we'll cover use cases for while loops, practice using type annotations, and do some more practice with for loops!

### Problems

#### Password Suggester (topics: Looping over strings, while loops)

Let's build a password suggester together. Start by implementing `check_password` by following its docstring. Fill in the respective type annotations as well!

##### Valid Password (topic: looping over strings)

```
1  def check_password(password: ) ->  :
2      """
3      Checks whether a password contains at least 3 vowels (A, E, I, O, U), case-insensitive.
4
5      Args:
6          password (???): The password string to validate.
7
8      Returns:
9          ??? : True if the password has 3 or more vowels, False otherwise.
10     """
11     count: int = 0
12     for char in  :
13         if  :
14             count += 1
15     return 
```

##### Password Suggester (topic: while loops)

```
1  def prompt_for_passwords(num_passwords: int) -> None:
2      """
3      Queries the user until we have num_passwords valid passwords.
4      A password is valid if it contains at least 3 vowels.
5
6      Args:
7          num_passwords (int): The number of valid passwords to collect.
8      """
9      valid_count: int = 0
10     while  :
11         pwd: str = input("Enter a password: ")
12         if  :
13             print("Valid password:", pwd)
14             
15         else:
16             print("Invalid password. Try again.")
```

## Loop-de-loop (topics: for loops, tuples, sets)

Fill in the relevant type annotations for each block of code. Note what each block of code outputs. If there is an error, write "Error".

### Code

```
1  lst:  = ["hi", "hello", "hey"]
2  for elem in lst:
3      if len(elem) > 2:
4          print(elem)
```

### Code

```
1  lst: list[str] = ["hi", "hello", "hey"]
2  for elem in lst:
3      elem = "LOL"
4  print(lst[0])
```

### Code

```
1  lst: list[str] = ["hi", "hello", "hey"]
2  for i in range(len(lst)):
3      lst[i] = "LOL"
4  print(lst[0])
```

### Code

```
1  tup:  = ("hi", "hello", "hey")
2  tup[0] = "LOL"
3  print(tup[0])
```

## It's like a maze...

Fill in the line of code necessary to print out all elements in the order specified.

### Code

```
1  lst: list[list[int]] = [  
2      [1, 2, 3],  
3      [4, 5, 6],  
4      [7, 8, 9]  
5  ]  
6  #Should print out 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9  
7  for y in range(len(lst)):  
8      for x in range(len(lst)):  
9      print(lst[])
```

### Code

```
1  lst: list[list[int]] = [  
2      [1, 2, 3],  
3      [4, 5, 6],  
4      [7, 8, 9]  
5  ]  
6  #Should print out 1, 4, 7, 2, 5, 8, 3, 6, 9  
7  for y in range(len(lst)):  
8      for x in range(len(lst)):  
9      print(lst[])
```

### Code

```
1  lst: list[list[int]] = [  
2      [1, 2, 3],  
3      [4, 5, 6],  
4      [7, 8, 9]  
5  ]  
6  #Should print out 1, 5, 9  
7  for x in range(len(lst)):  
8      print(lst[])
```

### Code

```
1  lst: list[list[int]] = [  
2      [1, 2, 3],  
3      [4, 5, 6],  
4      [7, 8, 9]  
5  ]  
6  #Should print out 3, 5, 7  
7  for x in range(len(lst)):  
8      print(lst[])
```